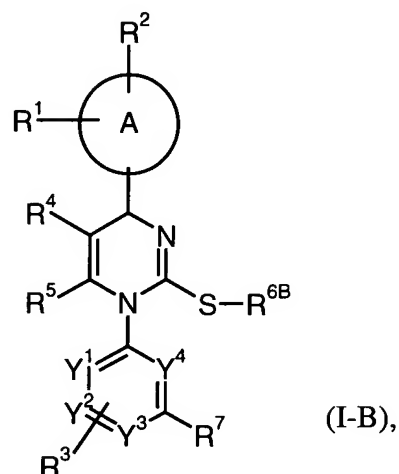
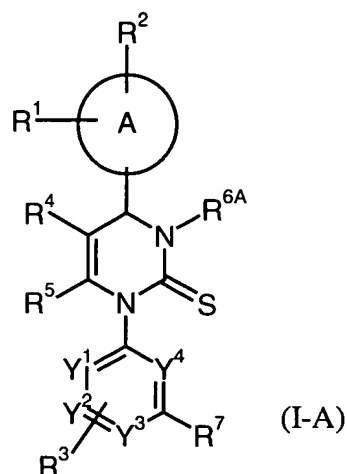


## Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A compound ~~Compounds~~ of the general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B)



wherein

A represents an aryl or heteroaryl ring,

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> independently from each other represent hydrogen, halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, hydroxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy can be

further substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy,

R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>6</sub>-C<sub>10</sub>-arylamino-carbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or cyano, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl can be further substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylcarbonylamino, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl, tri-(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl)-silyl and cyano,

R<sup>5</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, which can be substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenoxo, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, arylamino, hydroxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl and the radical -O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>6A</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, mono- or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl can be substituted with

one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino,

R<sup>6B</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, which can be substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylcarbonyloxy, aminocarbonyloxy, cyano, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl, wherein heteroaryl and heterocyclyl can be further substituted with one to two identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, hydroxy and oxo,

R<sup>7</sup> represents halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, hydroxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy can be further substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy,

and

Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup>, Y<sup>3</sup> and Y<sup>4</sup> independently from each other represent CH or N, wherein the ring contains either 0, 1 or 2 nitrogen atoms.

2. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) ~~or~~ and (I-B) according to Claim 1, wherein

A represents an aryl or heteroaryl ring,

$R^1$ ,  $R^2$  and  $R^3$  independently from each other represent hydrogen, halogen, nitro, cyano,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl, hydroxy or  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy, wherein  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl and  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxy can be further substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy and  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,

$R^4$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_6$ - $C_{10}$ -arylaminocarbonyl, heteroarylcarbonyl, heterocyclylcarbonyl, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl or cyano, wherein  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkylcarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkoxycarbonyl, mono- and di- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylaminocarbonyl can be further substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of  $C_3$ - $C_8$ -cycloalkyl, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxy,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- and di- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylaminocarbonyl,  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylcarbonylamino, amino, mono- and di- $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkylamino, heteroaryl, heterocyclyl and tri- $(C_1$ - $C_6$ -alkyl)-silyl,

$R^5$  represents  $C_1$ - $C_4$ -alkyl, which can be substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy,  $C_1$ - $C_6$ -

alkoxy, C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylthio, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylamino, arylamino, hydroxycarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl and the radical -O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl-O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl,

R<sup>6A</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, mono- or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl can be substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>8</sub>-cycloalkyl, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino,

R<sup>6B</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, which can be substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, aryl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl,

R<sup>7</sup> represents halogen, nitro, cyano, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, hydroxy or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxy can be further substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of halogen, hydroxy and C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy,

and

Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup>, Y<sup>3</sup> and Y<sup>4</sup> independently from each other represent CH or N, wherein the ring contains either 0, 1 or 2 nitrogen atoms.

3. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) ~~or~~ and (I-B) according to Claim 1 ~~or 2~~, wherein

A represents a phenyl or pyridyl ring,

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>2</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> independently from each other represent hydrogen, fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro, cyano, methyl, ethyl, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy,

R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, hydroxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, mono- or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl or cyano, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl and mono-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylaminocarbonyl can be substituted with one to three identical or different radicals selected from the group consisting of C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, amino, mono- or di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl,

R<sup>5</sup> represents methyl or ethyl,

R<sup>6A</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylcarbonyl, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl can be substituted with a radical selected from the group consisting of C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkyl, hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino,

R<sup>6B</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, which can be substituted with a radical selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, amino, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, phenyl, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl,

R<sup>7</sup> represents halogen, nitro, cyano, trifluoromethyl, trifluoromethoxy, methyl or ethyl,

and

Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup>, Y<sup>3</sup> and Y<sup>4</sup> each represent CH.

4. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to Claim 1 ~~, 2 or 3~~, wherein

A represents a phenyl or a pyridyl ring,

R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>3</sup> each represent hydrogen,

R<sup>2</sup> represents fluoro, chloro, bromo, nitro or cyano,

R<sup>4</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylcarbonyl or C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, wherein C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl can be substituted with a radical selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, mono- and di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, heteroaryl and heterocyclyl,

R<sup>5</sup> represents methyl,

R<sup>6A</sup> represents hydrogen, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkylcarbonyl or C<sub>3</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-cycloalkylcarbonyl,

R<sup>6B</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, which can be substituted with a radical selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxy, amino, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, phenyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, pyrrolidino and morpholino,

R<sup>7</sup> represents trifluoromethyl or nitro,

and

Y<sup>1</sup>, Y<sup>2</sup>, Y<sup>3</sup> and Y<sup>4</sup> each represent CH.

5. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 4~~, wherein A is phenyl or pyridyl.

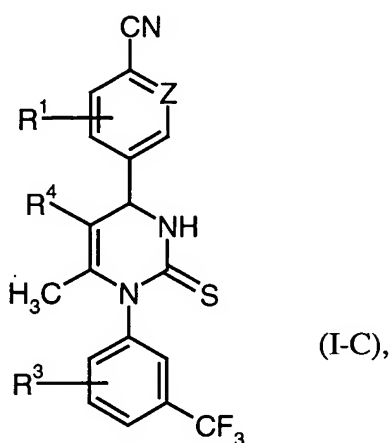


6. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 5~~, wherein R<sup>1</sup> is hydrogen.
7. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 6~~, wherein R<sup>2</sup> is cyano.
8. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 7~~, wherein R<sup>3</sup> is hydrogen.
9. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 8~~, wherein R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkoxycarbonyl, which can be substituted with dimethylamino, diethylamino, N-ethylmethylamino, pyrrolidino or piperidino, or wherein R<sup>4</sup> is C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylcarbonyl.
10. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 9~~, wherein R<sup>5</sup> is methyl.
11. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula ~~formulas~~ (I-A) or ~~and~~ (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 10~~, wherein R<sup>7</sup> is trifluoromethyl or nitro.

12. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula (I-A) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 11~~, wherein R<sup>6A</sup> is hydrogen.

13. (Currently Amended) The compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula (I-B) according to claim 1 ~~at least one of Claims 1 to 11~~, wherein R<sup>6B</sup> is methyl, (1H-imidazol-2-yl)methyl, 2-(diethylamino)ethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, 3-hydroxypropyl and 2-(1-pyrrolidinyl)ethyl.

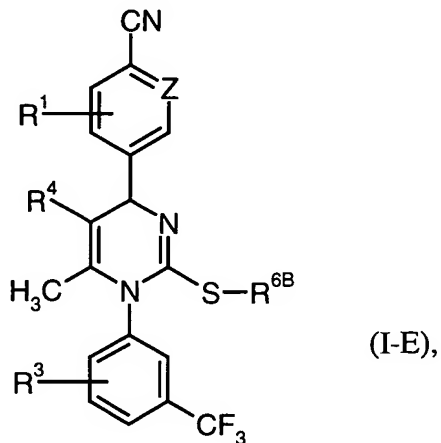
14. (Currently Amended) A compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula (I-C)



wherein

Z represents CH or N, and R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the meaning indicated in claim 1 ~~Claims 1 to 12~~.

15. (Currently Amended) A compound ~~Compounds~~ of general formula (I-E)



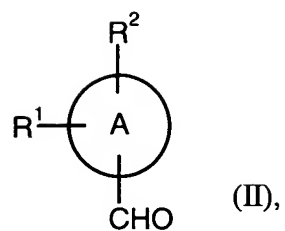
wherein

Z represents CH or N,

R<sup>1</sup>, R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> have the meaning indicated in claim 1 ~~above~~, and

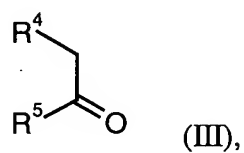
R<sup>6B</sup> represents C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkyl, which can be substituted with a radical selected from the group consisting of hydroxy, di-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>-alkylamino, phenyl, pyridyl, imidazolyl, pyrrolidino and morpholino.

16. (Currently Amended) A process ~~Process~~ for synthesizing the compounds of general formulas (I-A), (I-B), (I-C) or (I-E), respectively, as defined in Claims 1 to 15, by condensing compounds of general formula (II)



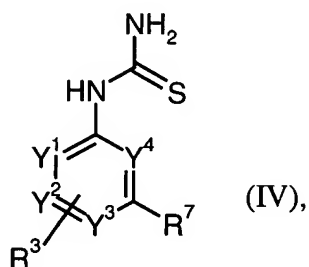
wherein A, R<sup>1</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> have the meaning indicated in Claims 1 to 15,

with compounds of general formula (III)



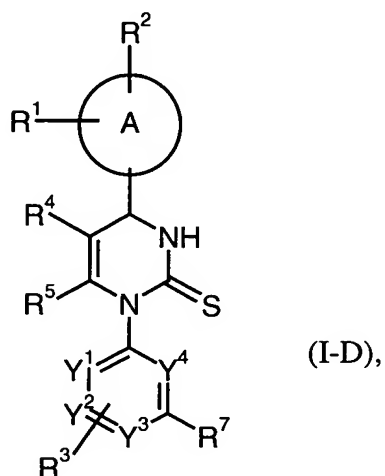
wherein R<sup>4</sup> and R<sup>5</sup> have the meaning indicated in Claims 1 to 15,

and compounds of general formula (IV)



wherein R<sup>3</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and Y<sup>1</sup> to Y<sup>4</sup> have the meaning indicated in Claims 1 to 15,

in the presence of an acid either in a three-component / one-step reaction or sequentially to give compounds of the general formula (I-D)

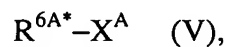


wherein

A, R<sup>1</sup> to R<sup>5</sup>, R<sup>7</sup>, and Y<sup>1</sup> to Y<sup>4</sup> have the meaning indicated in Claims 1 to 15,

optionally followed by reaction of the compounds of general formula (I-D) in the presence of a base either

[A] with compounds of the general formula (V)

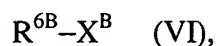


wherein  $R^{6A*}$  has the meaning of  $R^{6A}$  as indicated in Claims 1 to 15, but does not represent hydrogen, and  $X^A$  represents a leaving group, ~~such as halogen,~~

to give compounds of the general formula (I-A) or (I-C), respectively,

or

[B] with compounds of the general formula (VI)



wherein  $R^{6B}$  has the meaning indicated in Claims 1 to 15, and  $X^B$  represents a leaving group, ~~such as halogen, tosylate, mesylate or sulfate,~~

to give compounds of the general formula (I-B) or (I-E), respectively.

17. (Currently Amended)     A ~~The~~ composition containing at least one compound of general formula (I-A) or (I-C), as defined in Claims 1 ~~or 12 and~~ 14, and a pharmacologically acceptable diluent.

18. (Cancelled)

19. (Currently Amended) A ~~The~~ process for the preparation of compositions according to Claim 17 ~~and 18~~ characterized in that the compounds of general formula (I-A) or (I-C), as defined in Claims 1 or 12 and 14, together with customary auxiliaries are brought into a suitable application form.

20. (Cancelled)

21. (Currently Amended) A method of treating ~~Use according to Claim 20 for the preparation of medicaments for the treatment of~~ acute and chronic inflammatory, ischaemic ~~and/~~ or remodelling processes , comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of general formula (I-A) or (I-C), as defined in Claims 1 or 14 .

22. (Currently Amended) The method ~~Use according to Claim 21,~~ wherein the process is chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, acute coronary syndrome, acute myocardial infarction or development of heart failure.

23. (Currently Amended) A ~~The~~ composition containing at least one compound of general formula (I-B) or (I-E), as defined in Claims 1 ~~to 11, 13~~ or ~~and~~ 15, and a pharmacologically acceptable diluent.

24. (Currently Amended) A method of treating ~~A composition according to Claim 23 for the treatment of~~ acute and chronic inflammatory, ischaemic ~~and/~~ or remodelling processes ,

comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to Claim 23 .

25. (Currently Amended) A ~~The~~ process for the preparation of compositions according to Claim 23 ~~and 24~~ characterized in that the compounds of general formula (I-B) or (I-E), as defined in Claims 1 ~~to 11~~ , 13 or ~~and~~ 15, together with customary auxiliaries are brought into a suitable application form.

26. (Cancelled)

27. (Currently Amended) A method of treating ~~Use according to Claim 26 for the preparation of medicaments for the treatment of~~ acute and chronic inflammatory, ischaemic ~~and/~~ or remodelling processes , comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of general formula (I-B) or (I-E), as defined in Claims 1, 13 or 15 .

28. (Currently Amended) The method of ~~Use according to~~ Claim 27, wherein the process is chronic obstructive pulmonary disease, acute coronary syndrome, acute myocardial infarction or development of heart failure.

29. (Cancelled)